Larson /

Material Safety Data Sheet

91044 MoreShine LessTime for TiresTM

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CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Stoner Incorporated 1070 Robert Fulton Hwy. Quarryville, PA 17566 1-800-227-5538

Product Name: Product Code:

MoreShine LessTime for Tires™

91044

Version Date:

03/14/06

24-hour emergency phone:

1-800-424-9300 [CHEMTREC]

COMPOSITION /INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

COMPONENT Hydrocarbon solvent NI Trade Secret Registry 2-propanone Carbon Dioxide NJ Trade Secret Registry CAS# 142-82-5 # 80100382-5038P 67-64-1 124-38-9 #80100382-5077P

ACGIH TLV 400 ppm None established 750 ppm 5000 ppm None established

Exposure Limits <u>OSHA PEL</u> 400 ppm None established 750 ppm 5000 ppm None established

500 ppm None established None established None

OTHER

None established

3. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

POTENTIAL ACUTE [single or short term] HEALTH EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE

Eve:

May cause eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, and redness.

Skin:

Skin contact may cause irritation. Symptoms may include redness, burning, drying and cracking, and other skin damage. Passage of this material into the body through the skin is possible, but it is unlikely that this would result in harmful effects during safe handling and use.

Liquid may cause frostbite.

Ingestion:

Swallowing small amounts during handling is not likely to cause harmful effects. Swallowing large amounts may be harmful. This

material can enter the lungs during swallowing or vomiting and cause lung inflammation and/or damage.

Inhalation:

Breathing large amounts may be harmful. Symptoms are more typically seen at air concentrations exceeding the recommended exposure limits. Symptoms of exposure may include: initial Central Nervous System excitation (euphoria, exhilaration, light-headedness) followed by CNS depression (dizziness, drowsiness, weakness, fatigue, nausea, headache, unconsciousness) and other CNS effects. Confusion,

impaired coordination, coma, and death. POTENTIAL CHRONIC [long term] HEALTH EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE:

General Effects:

Overexposure to this material (or its components) has been suggested as a cause of the following effects in laboratory animals: effects on hearing. This material (or a component) has been shown to cause harm to the fetus in laboratory animal studies. Harm to the fetus occurs only at exposure levels that harm the pregnant animal. The relevance of these findings to humans is uncertain. This material (or a component) shortens the time onset or worsens the liver and kidney damage induced by other chemicals. Overexposure to this material (or its components) has been suggested as a cause of the following effects in laboratory animals: mild, reversible kidney effects; mild, reversible liver effects, blood abnormalities;

Cancer Information:

THIS PRODUCT CONTAINS NO COMPONENTS LISTED AS CARCINOGENIC BY IARC, NTP, OR OSHA 1910(Z)

No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% is mutagenic or genotoxic.

MEDICAL CONDITIONS AGGRAVATED BY OVEREXPOSURE: Skin contact may aggravate an existing dermatitis.

HAZARDOUS WARNINGS HMIS:

Health: 1

Flammability: 3

Reactivity: 0

Personal Protective Equipment | See Section 8

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Eyes:

Immediately flush eyes gently with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while holding eyelids apart. If symptoms persist or there is visual difficulty, seek medical attention.

Skin Contact:

In case of contact, immediately wash contaminated area with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contaminated clothing. Seek medical attention if symptoms persist. Wash clothing before reuse.

Ingestion:

Ingestion is an unlikely route of exposure. Do not induce vomiting. Aspiration into the lungs can cause serious damage. Seek medical attention immediately. If vomiting occurs spontaneously, keep head below hips to prevent aspiration of liquid into lungs. Contact a physician, medical facility, or poison control center for advise on whether to induce vomiting.

Inhalation:

Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Continue your efforts until help

arrives or the victim starts to breathe on his own. Do not leave alone. Seek medical attention.

This material is an aspiration hazard. Potential danger from aspiration must be weighed against possible oral toxicity when deciding whether to induce vomiting. Preexisting disorders of the following organs (or organ systems) may be aggravated by exposure to this material: skin; lung (for example, asthma-like conditions), kidney; central nervous system; auditory system; arrhythmias (irregular heartbeats); Because of possible disturbances of cardiac rhythm, catecholamine drugs, such as epinephrine, should be used only in situations of emergency life support. liver; blood forming system;

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5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Fire and/or Explosion Hazards:

Flammable Liquid: can release vapors that may be ignited at temperatures above or at the flash point. Vapors are heavier than air and may travel along the ground or be moved by ventilation and ignited by heat, pilot lights, other flames and ignition sources at locations distant from material handling point. Empty" containers retain product residue and can be dangerous." Hazardous decomposition products may be formed (see Sec.10). Containers may rupture or explode under fire conditions.

Fire Fighting Instructions:

Use CO2, loam or dry chemical. Fire fighters should wear normal protective equipment and positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus. Use water spray, foam, dry chemical, or CO2. Apply water from a safe distance to cool container and protect surrounding area. Water is generally not effective and may spread fire; however, water spray may be used to cool closed containers. Use alcohol foam, water log, dry chemical, or CO2.

Acrosol Flame Projection Test:

Extremely flammable acrosol, as determined by ASTM D 3065-94. Do not use near ignition sources such as sparks or open flames.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

STEPS TO BE TAKEN IF MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED:

Ventilate contaminated area. Remove all sources of ignition. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE). Stop or reduce discharge if it can be done safely. Avoid run-off into storm sewers and ditches which may lead to natural waterways. If runoff occurs, notify authorities as required. Clean up with absorbent material. Place absorbent materials into container and close it tightly. Dispose of container properly.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling: Storage: Harmful or irritating material. Avoid contacting and avoid breathing the material. Use only in a well ventilated area.

Keep container closed when not in use. Store in a cool, dry, well ventilated area away from all sources of ignition. Empty container may contain residues which are hazardous. Normal precautions common to safe manufacturing practice should be followed in handling and storage. Keep containers tightly closed when not in use. Do not store at temperatures above 120 degrees F.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Engineering Controls:

Ventilation should be adequate to prevent exposures above the limits indicated in "Section 2" of this MSDS (from known, suspected or apparent adverse effects). Local exhaust should be used in areas where exposure limits may be exceeded.

Eye Protection:

Wear chemically resistant safety glasses with side shields when handling this product. Wear additional eye protection such as chemical splash goggles and/or face shield when the possibility exists for eye contact with splashing or spraying liquid, or airborne material. Do not wear contact lenses. Have an eye wash station available.

Skin Protection:

The use of chemically resistant gloves is recommended if there is any possibility of prolonged or repeated liquid contact

with skin.

Respiratory Protection:

None required for well ventilated situations. A supplied air respirator should be used if ventilation is not sufficient to maintain exposure limits. Use NIOSH approved respirator where there is likelihood of inhalation of the product mist, spray or aerosol.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical State: Appearance:

Acrosol can

Clear Coloriess

Odor: Specific Gravity: Petroleum 0.69 @ 70 deg F

Vapor Pressure:

3879.0 mmHg @ 70 deg F

Vapor Density:

Evaporation Rate:

2-10 (n-Butyl acetate = 1) Insoluble

[air = 1] 2.67

Solubility in Water:

Boiling Point: pH:

200 deg F Not applicable

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Chemical Stability:

Stable.

Conditions to Avoid:

Avoid contact with: Ignition sources such as open flames, sparks, static discharges or glowing metal surfaces. Strong oxidizing agents. Open flames and high temperatures. Acids. Avoid contact with alkali metals, alkaline earth metals,

metal acetylides, chromium, titanium above 550° C, uranium above 750° C.

Decomposition Products:

Burning can produce the following combustion products: Carbon dioxide and carbon monoxide. Various Hydrocarbons.

Oxides of siloxanes. Carbon dioxide. Carbon monoxide. Formaldehyde.

11. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal: Dispose according to Federal, State and local regulations.

12. TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION

DOT Name:

Aerosols, flammable

IATA Name: Acrosols, flammable

UN Number:

UN 1950

Hazardous Class:

2.1

Packing Group:

Non-Applicable

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13. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Warning: This product contains the following chemicals that are subject to reporting requirements for the following regulatory bodies listed below:

COMPONENT No components listed in this section. CAS#

% BY WEIGHT

Regulatory Body SARA Section 313

Warning: This product may contain chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer. See list below.

No components listed in this section.

No components listed in this section.

Prop65 Cancer

Warning: This product may contain chemicals known to the State of California to cause birth defects. See list below.

Prop65 Birth Defects

All components of this product are listed on the TSCA inventory.

This information contained in this MSDS is believed to be accurate as of the version date, but is not warranted to be. Since the use of this information and the conditions of use of this product are not within the control of Stoner Incorporated, it is the user's obligation to determine the conditions of safe use.