

# **AMERON** Coatings

# M. S. D. S.

Material Safety Data Sheet

# VALSPARS08332

### SECTION 1 - CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

PRODUCT NAME

: GO1000 VYGUARD NO RUST PRIMER M525

IDENTIFICATION NUMBER: VALSPARS08332

PRODUCT CLASS

: GAS & OIL - OIL ALKYD PRIMER

HEALTH : WARNING

HMIS/NFPA : H2

Ameron International Protective Coatings Group 201 North Berry St. Brea, CA 92821

EMERGENCY:800-424-9300 (ChemTrec)

24 Hours Emergency Hotline

INFORMATION: H. Kline, PHONE: 714-529-1951

PREPARE DATE: 10

PREVIOUS REVISION DATE: 10

# SECTION 2 - COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

----- CHEMICAL NAME --LES 01 CALCIUM CARBONATE (Trace contaminants @ppm silica\*\*<5000, arsenic\*\* <1, lead\*\*#<

02 ALKYD RESIN 66070-60-8 (Mfg 400 ppm)

03 ZINC PHOSPHATE BORATE

dna

04 + IRON OXIDE (RED) 1309-37-1 (Trace contaminents @ppm: silica\*\*<10000, As\*\*<100 Cd\*\*<5, Hg# Ni\*\*<400, Pb\*\*#<100)

05 LINSEED OIL 8001-26-1

06 MINERAL SPIRITS 64742-88-7

(Mfg TWA guide as Stoddard Solvent)

(SARA)

07 ODORLESS MINERAL SPIRITS

64741-65-7

08 MINERAL SPIRITS

64742-88-7

(As Stoddard solvent)

#### SECTION 2 - COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

ITEM	CHEMICAL NAME	CAS NUMBER	W LES
09	SILICA (CRISTOBALITE**)* Fed OSHA: Y NTP: Y ACGIH: N IARC: 2A * Cancer or cancer suspect agent.	14464-46-1	

#### 10 DIATOMACEOUS EARTH

68855-54-9

	EXPOSURE	LIMITS					
ACGIH		OSHA		VP	TOXICI	TOXICI	
TLV-TWA ppm	TLV-TWA Mg/M3	PEL-TWA	PEL-TWA Mg/M3	mmHg @68F	LD50 g/kg		
dna	5.00	dna	5.000	N.A.	dna		
dna	dna	dna	dna	2.5	dna		
dna	5.00	dna	5.000	N.A.	dna		
dna	5.00	dna	5.000	N.A.	dna		
dna	dna	dna	dna	N.A.	dna		
100	dna	100	dna	5.0	4.000 7		
100	dna	100	dna	1.2	dna		
100	dna	100	dna	2.0	dna		
dna	.05	dna	.050	N.A.	dna		
dna	3.00	dna	6.000	N.A.	dna		
	TLV-TWA ppm  dna dna dna dna dna 100 100 100 dna	ACGIH TLV-TWA TLV-TWA ppm Mg/M3  dna 5.00 dna dna dna 5.00 dna dna 100 dna	TLV-TWA TLV-TWA PEL-TWA ppm Mg/M3 ppm  dna 5.00 dna	ACGIH OSHA TLV-TWA TLV-TWA PEL-TWA PEL-TWA ppm Mg/M3 ppm Mg/M3  dna 5.00 dna 5.000 dna dna dna dna dna 5.00 dna 5.000 dna 5.00 dna 5.000 dna 5.00 dna 5.000 dna 1.00 dna 1.00 dna 100 dna 1.00 dna	ACGIH OSHA VP TLV-TWA TLV-TWA PEL-TWA PEL-TWA mmHg ppm Mg/M3 ppm Mg/M3 @68F  dna 5.00 dna 5.000 N.A. dna dna dna dna 2.5 dna 5.00 dna 5.000 N.A. dna 5.00 dna 5.000 N.A. dna dna dna dna 5.000 N.A. dna dna dna 5.000 dna 5.000 N.A. dna dna dna dna 1.2 100 dna 100 dna 1.2 100 dna 100 dna 2.0 dna .05 dna .050 N.A.	ACGIH OSHA VP TOXICI TLV-TWA TLV-TWA PEL-TWA PEL-TWA mmHg LD50 ppm Mg/M3 ppm Mg/M3 @68F g/kg  dna 5.00 dna 5.000 N.A. dna dna dna dna dna 2.5 dna dna 5.00 dna 5.000 N.A. dna dna 5.00 dna 5.000 N.A. dna dna dna dna dna 5.000 N.A. dna dna dna dna dna 5.000 N.A. dna dna dna dna dna 1.2 dna 100 dna 100 dna 1.2 dna 100 dna 100 dna 2.0 dna dna dna dna 0.05 dna 0.050 N.A. dna	

REGULATORY: \*\*CALIF.TITLE 26:22-12000 (PROP 65). WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer. #CALIF.TITLE 26:22-12000 (PROP 65). WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause birth defects or o reproductive harm. All ingredients are on TSCA inventory or are exem Toxic chemicals marked (SARA, CERCLA, HAPs) are subject to reporting requirements of SARA (40CFR 355 and 372), CERCLA (40CFR 302), or HAPs (40CFR 63).

(S)=Skin; LD50=Dermal.rabbit; LC50=Inhalation,rat; dna=data not avail na=not applicable

#### SECTION 3 - HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

EXPOSURE EFFECTS: Vapor or spray mist or spattered material can be harmful. Irritating to eyes, skin, and if inhaled; to nose and throat Excessive or prolonged inhalation can cause headache, nausea or dizzi Repeated and prolonged occupational overexposure to solvents is assoc with permanent brain and nervous system damage. Intentional abuse, mi or other massive exposure to solvents may cause multiple organ damage and/or death.

#### SECTION 3 - HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

OVER-EXPOSURE (prolonged or repeated use): CAN AGGRAVATE OR ACCENTUA OF THESE EFFECTS.

SKIN: Irritant. Can be absorbed through skin. Can cause defatting drying of skin.

INHALATION: Irritant. Delayed lung injury. Central nervous system damage. Welding fumes can cause welding fume fever. Repeated exposu silica dust can cause silicosis. Crystalline silica may cause cancer of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure to dust from sand surfaces or spray mist. Chemical pneumonia. Repeated exposure to ir dust can cause siderosis.

EYES: Severe irritant.

INGESTION: Harmful if swallowed. Aspiration into lungs can damage 1 and cause chemical pneumonia.

TARGET ORGANS: Kidneys. Liver. Blood. Lungs. Skin. Eyes. Stoma Spleen. Central nervous system.

MEDICAL CONDITIONS AGGRAVATED: Kidneys. Skin. Eyes. Respiratory.

PRIMARY ROUTE(S) OF ENTRY: SKIN CONTACT INHALATION INGESTION EYE CONTACT

#### SECTION 4 - FIRST AID MEASURES

FIRST AID PROCEDURES: Inhalation: Remove to fresh air. Restore norma breathing. Treat symptomatically. See physician. SKIN: Wash thoroughl soap and water.Remove contaminated clothing.Consult physician if irri persists. EYES: Flush immediately with plenty of water for at least 1 minutes and get medical attention. INGESTION: Drink 1 or 2 glasses of to dilute.Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.Do no

induce vomiting (unless METHANOL; listed in Section 2). Consult physic poison control center IMMEDIATELY. Treat symptomatically.

#### SECTION 5 - FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

FLASH POINT: 112 F (SETA)

LOWER EXPLOSIVE LIMIT:

UPPER EXPLOSIVE LIMIT:

FLAMMABILITY - OSHA: COMBUSTIBLE - CLASS II

DOT: FLAMMABLE

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: FOAM CO2 DRY CHEMICAL

#### SECTION 5 - FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

LOWEST FLASHING SOLVENT: 64742-88-7

UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS: Closed containers may explode wh exposed to extreme heat and pressure buildup. May produce a floating hazard. Isolate from electrical equipment, sparks, heat and open fla Vapors may spread long distances, cause flash fire or ignite explosiv

FIREFIGHTING PROCEDURES: Wear full protective equipment, self-contain breathing apparatus. Water may be used to cool closed containers to pressure build-up or explosion when exposed to extreme heat.

#### SECTION 6 - ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

SPILL, LEAKS: Remove all sources of ignition. Avoid breathing vapors Ventilate area. Use absorbent, inert cleanup materials. (DO NOT use sawdust.) Remove absorbent material with non-sparking tools. Place in separate container. Keep out of sewers and waterways. If entry is threatened or occurs, notify local authorities.

# SECTION 7 - HANDLING AND STORAGE

HANDLING AND STORAGE: Keep container closed, upright when not in use Store in cool, dry, well-ventilated area. Avoid prolonged storage temperatures above 100F. Use caution when pouring. Avoid breathing s dust. Do not weld or flame cut on empty container.

#### SECTION 8 - EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

VENTILATION: Implement administrative and engineering controls to re exposure. Provide sufficient ventilation in volume and pattern to kee contaminant concentrations below the TLV limits. Remove welding or fl cutting decomposition products; follow current, ANSI Z49.1, "Safety in Welding and Cutting". Refer to 29 CFR parts 1910 and 1915, for coatin operations; part 1910.146, Confined Spaces.

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION: Wear NIOSH/MSHA certified respirator designe remove a combination of particulates (dust or spray mist) and vapor. brushing, rolling or spreading; select the appropriate respiratory protection for the conditions. For specific conditions, refer to curr "NIOSH Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards". In confined or restricted ventilation areas use air-line respirators or hoods. Refer to 29 CFR, parts 1910.134 and 1915 for coating operations; part 1910.146 Confined Spaces; ANSI Z88.2, Practices for Respiratory Protection; 42 CFR, part Particulate Respirators. A positive pressure, air supplied respirato (NIOSH TC 19C) is recommended. A vapor/particulate respirator (NIOSH/

#### SECTION 8 - EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

TC 23C) may be appropriate where AIRBORNE MONITERING demonstrates vap levels BELOW ten times the applicable exposure limits.

PROTECTIVE CLOTHING AND EQUIPMENT: Dependent upon application method resistant coveralls, gloves and shoe coverings to prevent skin contac Wear solvent resistant glasses with splash guards or face shield to p eyes from splash, spatter and/or spray mist.Consult 29 CFR 1910.132, 136, 138; ANSI Z87.1, Z41. Use explosion and spark-proof equipment. WEAR CHEMICAL WORKER'S GOGGLES AND RUBBER GLOVES; other protective equipment such as aprons, rubber boots, face shield or rubber suit ma needed where splash or mist potential exists.

HYGIENIC PRACTICES: Wash thoroughly after handling and before eating smoking or using toilet. Launder contaminated clothing before use.

# SECTION 9 - PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

BOILING RANGE : 275 - 346 F VAPOR DENSITY : Is heavier tha

ODOR : SOLVENT WEIGHT PER GAL : 11.5531

APPEARANCE : LIQUID EVAPORATION RATE: Is slower than

SOLUBILITY IN H2O: NO Acetate

MIXED VOC, G/L : 288 MIXED THINNED VOC, G/L : 336

THINNER : M834 @ 0.93 PINTSPHOTOCHEMICALLY REACTIVE: No

VOLATILE VOLUME % : 36.81

#### SECTION 10 - STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

CONDITIONS TO AVOID: Heat, open flame, arc or sparks.

INCOMPATIBILITY: Strong oxidizers, acids and alkalies.

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS: +Pigment content is dependent on c (BY FIRE, BURNING OR WELDING); CO, CO2. Iron oxide fumes. Aldehydes Toxic gases or fumes.

HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION: Will not occur under normal conditions.

STABILITY: This product is stable under normal storage conditions.

#### SECTION 11 - TOXICOLOGICAL PROPERTIES

TOXICOLOGICAL PROPERTIES: See Section 2. Crystalline silica (respir size, 10 microns or less). IARC Monograph on the Evaluation of Carcin Risk of Chemicals to Humans (Vol 42.1987) concludes that there is sufficient evidence of carcinogenicity to experimental animals and li

# SECTION 11 - TOXICOLOGICAL PROPERTIES

evidence of carcinogenicity to humans. - IARC Class 2A.

#### SECTION 12 - ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION: No Information.

#### SECTION 13 - DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

EPA Waste No.: D001

DISPOSAL METHOD: Place in separate, appropriate, closed container in accordance with all applicable local, State, and Federal regulations. material has NOT been tested by Toxicity Characteristic Leaching Proc (TCLP).

#### SECTION 14 - TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION

DOT PROPER SHIPPING NAME: Paint

DOT HAZARD CLASS: 3 HAZARD SUBCLASS: NA

DOT UN/NA NUMBER: 1263 IMO: NA PACKING GROUP :

#### SECTION 15 - REGULATORY INFORMATION

U.S. FEDERAL REGULATIONS: AS FOLLOWS -

OSHA: Hazardous by definition of Hazard Communication Standard (29 CF 1910.1200)

NEW JERSEY RIGHT-TO-KNOW:

The following materials are non-hazardous, but are among the top five components in this product:

----- CHEMICAL NAME ----- CAS NUMBER
No non-hazardous materials are among the top five ingredients.

PENNSYLVANIA RIGHT-TO-KNOW:

The following non-hazardous ingredients are present in the product at greater than 3%:

----- CHEMICAL NAME ----- CAS NUMBER
No non-hazardous ingredients are present at greater than 3%.

#### SECTION 15 - REGULATORY INFORMATION

INTERNATIONAL REGULATIONS: AS FOLLOWS -

CANADIAN WHMIS: This MSDS has been prepared in compliance with Contro Product Regulations except for use of the 16 headings.

CANADIAN WHMIS CLASS: No information available.

# SECTION 16 - OTHER INFORMATION