

# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**

DR8370

### Section 1. Identification

Product name	: Can't Bite Me Insect Repellent
Product code	: DR8370
Other means of identification	: Not available.
Product type	: Aerosol.
Relevant identified uses of	the substance or mixture and uses advised against
Not applicable.	
Manufacturer	: Drummond, A Lawson Brand Lawson Products, Inc. 8770 W. Bryn Mawr, Suite 900 Chicago, IL 60631-3515 773-304-5050
Emergency telephone	: (888) 426-4851

Emergency telephone number of the company

## Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status	: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).				
Classification of the substance or mixture	<ul> <li>FLAMMABLE AEROSOLS - Category 1 GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Compressed gas SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2 Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown toxicity: 12.9%</li> </ul>				
GHS label elements					
Hazard pictograms					
Signal word Hazard statements	<ul> <li>Danger</li> <li>Extremely flammable aerosol. Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated. Causes serious eye irritation. Causes skin irritation. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.</li> </ul>				
Precautionary statements					
General	: Read label before use. Keep out of reach of children. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.				
Prevention	: Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Do not breathe dust or mist. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.				
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 9/19/2014. Date of previous issue : 8/21/2014. Version : 1.06 1/13				

## Section 2. Hazards identification

Response	: Get medical attention if you feel unwell. IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or physician if you feel unwell. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Take off contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention.
Storage	: Store locked up. Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122 °F. Store in a well-ventilated place.
Disposal	Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Supplemental label elements	DELAYED EFFECTS FROM LONG TERM OVEREXPOSURE. Contains solvents which can cause permanent brain and nervous system damage. Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling the contents can be harmful or fatal. WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. FOR INDUSTRIAL USE ONLY.
	Please refer to the SDS for additional information. Keep upright in a cool, dry place. Do not discard empty can in trash compactor.
Hazards not otherwise classified	: None known.

### Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	: Mixture
Other means of	: Not available.
identification	

#### **CAS number/other identifiers**

Ingredient name	% by weight	CAS number
2-Propanol	37.5	67-63-0
Diethyltoluamide	25.0	134-62-3
Butane	17.1	106-97-8
Propane	7.9	74-98-6
Propylene Glycol	2.5	57-55-6
Acetone	2.5	67-64-1

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

### Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary fi	rst a	id measures				
Eye contact	:	eyelids. Ch			nally lifting the upper and lowe Continue to rinse for at least 1	
Inhalation	:	is suspected or self-conta respiratory a may be dan Get medica place in rece airway. Loc inhalation of	d that fumes are still pre- ained breathing apparat arrest occurs, provide a gerous to the person pr I attention. If necessary overy position and get r bsen tight clothing such	sent, the rescue us. If not breath rtificial respiratio oviding aid to giv , call a poison con nedical attention as a collar, tie, b ts in a fire, symp	ition comfortable for breathing. r should wear an appropriate n ing, if breathing is irregular or it n or oxygen by trained personn ve mouth-to-mouth resuscitatio enter or physician. If unconscio immediately. Maintain an oper elt or waistband. In case of toms may be delayed. The exp ince for 48 hours.	nask f nel. It n. ous, n
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# Section 4. First aid measures

Skin contact	<ul> <li>Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.</li> </ul>
Ingestion	: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/ef	feo	ets, acute and delayed
Potential acute health effect	<u>ts</u>	
Eye contact	1	Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	:	Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation. Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Serious effects may be delayed following exposure.
Skin contact	1	Causes skin irritation.
Ingestion	:	Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. Irritating to mouth, throat and stomach.
Over-exposure signs/sympt	on	<u>15</u>
Eye contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness
Skin contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Ingestion	1	No specific data.
Indication of immediate med	ica	l attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	:	In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Specific treatments	1	No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

## Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: None known.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Extremely flammable aerosol. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Gas may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back, causing fire or explosion. Bursting aerosol containers may be propelled from a fire at high speed. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathir apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

## Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protec	ive equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. In the case of aerosols being ruptured, care should be taken due to the rapid escape of the pressurized contents and propellant. If a large number of containers are ruptured, treat as a bulk material spillage according to the instructions in the clean-up section. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	: If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions Methods and materials for co	: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact
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### Section 6. Accidental release measures

information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

## Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling	L	
Protective measures	:	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Pressurized container: protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing gas. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	:	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	:	Store in accordance with local regulations. Store away from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Protect from sunlight. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

### Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### **Control parameters**

#### **Occupational exposure limits**

Ingredient name			Exposure limits	
2-Propanol			ACGIH TLV (United States, 6/201	3).
			TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.	,
			STEL: 400 ppm 15 minutes.	
			NIOSH REL (United States, 10/20	)13).
			TWA: 400 ppm 10 hours.	,
			TWA: 980 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10 hours.	
			STEL: 500 ppm 15 minutes.	
			STEL: 1225 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.	
			OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013	3).
			TWA: 400 ppm 8 hours.	- /
			TWA: 980 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.	
Butane			NIOSH REL (United States, 10/20	)13).
			TWA: 800 ppm 10 hours.	- /
			TWA: 1900 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10 hours.	
			ACGIH TLV (United States, 6/201	3).
			STEL: 1000 ppm 15 minutes.	,
Propane			NIOSH REL (United States, 10/20	)13).
			TWA: 1000 ppm 10 hours.	
			TWA: 1800 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10 hours.	
			OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013	3).
			TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.	,
			TWA: 1800 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.	
Propylene Glycol			AIHA WEEL (United States, 10/20	011).
			TWA: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.	,
Acetone			ACGIH TLV (United States, 6/201	3).
			TWA: 500 ppm 8 hours.	,
			TWA: 1188 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.	
			STEL: 750 ppm 15 minutes.	
			STEL: 1782 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.	
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# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013).
TWA: 250 ppm 10 hours.
TWA: 590 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10 hours.
OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013).
TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.
TWA: 2400 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.

Appropriate engineering controls	: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
Individual protection measu	res
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

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рН	: 7			
Odor threshold	: Not available.			
Odor	: Not available.			
Color	: Not available.			
Physical state	: Liquid.			
<u>Appearance</u>				

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

-	
Melting point	: Not available.
Boiling point	: Not available.
Flash point	: Closed cup: -29°C (-20.2°F) [Pensky-Martens Closed Cup]
Evaporation rate	: 5.6 (butyl acetate = 1)
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Not available.
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	: Lower: 1.9% Upper: 12.8%
Vapor pressure	: 13.5 kPa (101.325 mm Hg) [at 20°C]
Vapor density	: 1.55 [Air = 1]
Relative density	: 0.76
Solubility	: Not available.
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	: Not available.
Decomposition temperature	: Not available.
Viscosity	: Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): <0.07 cm <sup>2</sup> /s (<7 cSt)
Aerosol product	
Type of aerosol	: Spray
Heat of combustion	: 36.56 kJ/g

## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame).
Incompatible materials	: No specific data.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

## Section 11. Toxicological information

#### Information on toxicological effects

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
2-Propanol	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	12800 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5000 mg/kg	-
Diethyltoluamide	LD50 Dermal	Rat	5 g/kg	-
2	LD50 Oral	Rat	1800 mg/kg	-
Butane	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	658000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
Propylene Glycol	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	20800 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	20 g/kg	-
Acetone	LD50 Oral	Rat	5800 mg/kg	-

Irritation/Corrosion

## Section 11. Toxicological information

					1
Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
2-Propanol	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100	-
				milligrams	
	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	10 milligrams	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	100	-
				milligrams	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500	-
				milligrams	
Diethyltoluamide	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	10 milligrams	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	500	-
				milligrams	
Propylene Glycol	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				milligrams	
	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	100	-
		<b>a</b>		milligrams	
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Child	-	96 hours 30	-
				Percent	
				continuous	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Human	-	168 hours	-
				500	
				milligrams	
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Human	-	72 hours 104	-
				milligrams	
		14/		Intermittent	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Woman	-	96 hours 30	-
0 1	Energy Milel inside a f	1.1		Percent	
Acetone	Eyes - Mild irritant	Human	-	186300 parts	-
	Europ Mild inside at	Dabbit		per million	
	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	10 microliters	-
	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 20	-
	Even Sovere irritert	Dabbit		milligrams	
	Eyes - Severe irritant Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	20 milligrams	-
	Skin - Willa Imlant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
	Skin Mild irritant	Dabbit		milligrams 395	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-		-
				milligrams	

#### **Sensitization**

Not available.

#### **Mutagenicity**

Not available.

#### **Carcinogenicity**

Not available.

#### **Classification**

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
2-Propanol	-	3	-

#### **Reproductive toxicity**

Not available.

#### **Teratogenicity**

Not available.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

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# Section 11. Toxicological information

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
2-Propanol	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects
Butane	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects
Propane	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects
Propylene Glycol	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects
Acetone	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name		Route of exposure	Target organs
Butane Propane Propylene Glycol	Category 2 Category 2 Category 2	Not determined Not determined Not determined	Not determined Not determined Not determined Not determined Not determined

#### **Aspiration hazard**

Not available.

Information on the likely routes of exposure	:	Not available.
Potential acute health effe	cts	
Eye contact	1	Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	:	Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation. Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Serious effects may be delayed following exposure.
Skin contact	1	Causes skin irritation.
Ingestion	:	Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. Irritating to mouth, throat and stomach.
Symptoms related to the p	hy	sical, chemical and toxicological characteristics
Eye contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness

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Skin contact Ingestion	<ul> <li>Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness</li> <li>No specific data.</li> </ul>
Delayed and immediate eff	ects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure
Short term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Long term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Potential chronic health ef	fects
Not available.	
General Carcinogenicity Mutagenicity Teratogenicity Developmental effects Fertility effects	<ul> <li>May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.</li> <li>No known significant effects or critical hazards.</li> </ul>

#### Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates				
Route	ATE value			
	4073.6 mg/kg			
Dermal	17426 mg/kg			

# Section 12. Ecological information

#### **Toxicity**

0 µg/lCrustaceans - Crangon crangon Fish - Gambusia affinis48 hours 96 hours0 µg/lFish - Gambusia affinis96 hoursFresh waterDaphnia - Daphnia magna48 hoursom Fresh waterFish - Oncorhynchus mykiss96 hourson Fresh waterDaphnia - Daphnia magna48 hoursof I Marine waterCrustaceans - Chaetogammarus marinus - Young48 hoursµg/l Fresh waterFish - Pimephales promelas96 hoursµg/l Fresh waterAlgae - Ulva pertusa96 hours0 µg/l Fresh waterCrustaceans - Gammarus pulex48 hours0 µg/l Fresh waterDaphnia - Daphnia magna48 hours0 µg/l Fresh waterFish - Pimephales promelas96 hours0 µg/l Fresh waterDaphnia - Daphnia magna48 hours0 µg/l Fresh waterFish - Pimephales promelas -96 hours0 µg/l Fresh waterFish - Pimephales promelas -96 hours0 µg/l Fresh waterDaphnia - Daphnia magna48 hours0 µg/l Fresh waterFish - Pimephales promelas -96 hours
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I Fresh water Fish - Pimephales promelas - 96 hours
Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)
mg/l Marine water Algae - Ulva pertusa 96 hours
S ml/L Fresh water Crustaceans - Daphniidae 21 days
nl/L Fresh water Daphnia - Daphnia magna - 21 days
Neonate
I Marine water Fish - Gasterosteus aculeatus - 42 days
5

## Section 12. Ecological information

Larvae

#### Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability	
Acetone	-	-	Readily	

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Diethyltoluamide	-	2.4	low

Mo	bil	lity	in	soi

Soil/water partition	: Not available.
coefficient (Koc)	

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods	The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Do not
	puncture or incinerate container.

### Section 14. Transport information

	DOT Classification	TDG Classification	Mexico Classification	ΙΑΤΑ	IMDG
UN number	UN1950	UN1950	UN1950	UN1950	UN1950
UN proper shipping name	AEROSOLS	AEROSOLS	AEROSOLS	AEROSOLS, flammable	AEROSOLS
Transport hazard class(es)	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1
Packing group	-	-	-	-	-
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
Additional information	<u>Special</u> <u>provisions</u> LIMITED QUANTITY	<u>Special</u> <u>provisions</u> LIMITED QUANTITY	<u>Special</u> provisions (ERG#126)	<u>Special</u> provisions LIMITED QUANTITY	Emergency schedules (EmS) LIMITED QUANTITY, F-D, S-U

### Section 14. Transport information

Special precautions for user :	:	Multi-modal shipping descriptions are provided for informational purposes and do not consider container sizes. The presence of a shipping description for a particular mode of transport (sea, air, etc.), does not indicate that the product is packaged suitably for that mode of transport. All packaging must be reviewed for suitability prior to shipment, and compliance with the applicable regulations is the sole responsibility of the person offering the product for transport. People loading and unloading dangerous goods must be trained on all of the risks deriving from the substances and on all actions in case of emergency situations.
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Transport in bulk according : Not available. to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

### Section 15. Regulatory information

#### U.S. Federal regulations

#### SARA 313

SARA 313 (40 CFR 372.45) supplier notification can be found on the Environmental Data Sheet.

#### State regulations

#### California Prop. 65

WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

FIFRA Hazard Label Information : This chemical is a pesticide product registered by the Environmental Protection Agency and is subject to certain labeling requirements under federal pesticide law. These requirements differ from the classification criteria and hazard information required for safety data sheets, and for workplace labels of non-pesticide chemicals.

### Section 16. Other information

#### Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks Although HMIS® ratings are not required on SDSs under 29 CFR 1910. 1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered mark of the National Paint & Coatings Association (NPCA).

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

#### Notice to reader

It is recommended that each customer or recipient of this Safety Data Sheet (SDS) study it carefully and consult resources, as necessary or appropriate, to become aware of and understand the data contained in this SDS and any hazards associated with the product. This information is provided in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date herein. However, no warranty, express or implied, is given. The information presented here applies only to the product as shipped. The addition of any material can change the composition, hazards and risks of the product. Regulatory requirements are subject to change and may differ between various locations and jurisdictions. The customer/buyer/user is responsible to ensure that his activities comply with all country, federal, state, provincial or local laws. The conditions for use of the product are not under the control of the manufacturer; the customer/buyer/user is responsible to determine the conditions necessary for the safe use of this product. The customer/buyer/user should not use the product for any purpose other than the purpose shown in the applicable section of this SDS without first referring to the supplier and obtaining written handling instructions. Due to the proliferation of sources for information such as manufacturer-specific SDS, the manufacturer cannot be responsible for SDSs obtained from any other source.